### SHEEP REGISTRATION APPLICATION INSTRUCTION KEY

Registered sheep are expected to conform to the Breed Standards of the N-CSA. The Breed Standards can be found in the Flock Book and on the N-CSA website. The Standards focus on body and wool characteristics. It is important that owners take care to submit sheep with good mothering instincts, proper bites, sound bodies, quality wool, and reasonable personalities.

**Section I:** Information in Section I is REQUIRED. If you omit animal name the registrar will insert your flock prefix and tag #. Each sheep must have a tag #. Tags are easily attached when a lamb is a few days old. Note lamb wool color as you tag. If you do not know the breeder, note the location where you acquired the sheep.

### Lamb/Adult Wool Color (pick one for each)

Note the color in the blanket (mid-section) area of the fleece.

White Dark Brown
Off White Gray
White w/ Dark Fibers Blue

Tan/Apricot/Red Black w/ Light Fibers

Tan w/ Gray Black
Light Brown Jet Black
Medium Brown Not Sure

### Horns (pick one or two)

Polled Multiple Scurs Fused Two Not Sure

### **Fleece Sample**

Attach a fleece sample (1-2 locks) taken from the mid-side of the body. Minimum 4 months fleece growth (6-12 months is ideal). Label sample with animal name/tag #.

### **Eyelids**

Note upper eyelid type for left and right eyes.

Type 2: Slight

Example: L1/R1.

Type 1: Normal

Break

Type 3: Split often tufted

Type 4: Split often has milky eye







### **Photos**

Attach two photos. 1) Photo from the side showing face/horns, fleece (4-12 months growth), and legs. 2) Photo of the rear showing tail and back legs (recently shorn is ideal). You may also attach a newborn photo. Use photo quality paper and label clearly with animal name/tag #.



Take wool sample from middle of side

**Section II:** We encourage you to fill in what you know about the pedigree. Pedigrees help breeders make good management decisions about what parents produce the best lambs. Pedigrees are also critical to conserving genetic diversity.

**Section III:** Section III is optional. If you are interested in the genetics that make the N-C a colorful sheep, fill in what you know (or make your best guess). Recording information will help us learn from each other. For more information on color and patterns go to the Flock Book or the N-CSA website.

## Base Color (pick one)

Black

Brown

Not Sure (only pink visible at points)

If you see black anywhere, select BLACK.

# Agouti Patterns (pick one or two)

White/Tan (Awt)

Light Badgerface (Albf)

Badgerface (Ab)

Gray (Ag)

Gray & Tan (Agt)

Blue (Abl)

English Blue (Aeb)

Black/Brown & Tan (At)

Swiss Markings (Asm)

Lateral Stripe (Als)

Self-Color (solid, throws pattern) (Aa)

Not Sure (A\_)

Genetic shorthand (in parentheses) may be used.

## **Spotting (pick one)**

Yes

No

Not Sure

Spotting often shows up as bright white at the points (blaze, cap, anklets, socks, tail tip). It can also look random.

## Extension/Color Dominant (pick one)

Yes

No

Not Sure

If the sheep has a pattern select **NO**. If it is solid black or brown it may have received at least one dominant color gene. Select **YES** or **NOT SURE**.

# Other Possible Traits

Blue Dilute Churra Topknot
Brown Dilute Brockle-face/legs Mane
Dark Brown Wattles Other